

14.35.07 - Eligibility Standards for Enrollment in a Qualified Health Plan, Eligibility Standards for APTC and CSR, and Eligibility Standards for Enrollment in a Catastrophic Qualified Health Plan in the Individual Exchange.

.01 Scope.

This chapter sets forth the eligibility standards for enrollment in a qualified health plan and qualified health plans with advance payments of the premium tax credit and cost-sharing reductions in the Individual Exchange. This chapter does not address the verification of eligibility or redeterminations of eligibility for enrollment in the Individual Exchange or eligibility for enrollment in the SHOP Exchange. This chapter does not address eligibility and enrollment in qualified dental plans or qualified vision plans.

.02 Definitions.

In this chapter, the following terms have the meanings indicated.

(1) “Applicant” means an individual who submits an application through the Individual Exchange for the individual and the individual’s tax household, and is seeking eligibility for:

(a) Enrollment in a QHP through the Individual Exchange; or

(b) Enrollment in an insurance affordability program through the Individual Exchange.

(2) “COBRA” means the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985 (Pub. L. 99-272).

(3) “CSR plan for up to 150 percent FPL” means a QHP available through the Individual Exchange with an actuarial value of 94 percent plus or minus the de minimis variation for a silver plan variation.

(4) “CSR plan for 151-200 percent FPL” means a QHP available through the Individual Exchange with an actuarial value of 87 percent plus or minus the de minimis variation for a silver plan variation.

(5) “CSR plan for 201-250 percent FPL” means a QHP available through the Individual Exchange with an actuarial value of 73 percent plus or minus the de minimis variation for a silver plan variation.

(6) “Dependent,” for the purposes of Regulations .12–.19 of this chapter, has the meaning stated in 26 CFR §54.9801-2.

(7) “Employer group health insurance coverage” means health coverage offered by an employer to an employee and the employee’s dependents, if eligible, under:

(a) Government health coverage, such as the Federal Employees Health Benefit program;

(b) Health coverage offered in the small or large group market by an employer within a state; or

(c) Grandfathered health coverage offered by an employer in a group market.

(8) “Federal Poverty Level (FPL)” means the most recently published federal poverty level guidelines, updated periodically in the Federal Register by the Secretary of HHS as set forth in 42 U.S.C. §9902(2),

as of the first day of the open enrollment period for QHPs offered through the Individual Exchange for a calendar year.

(9) “Household income” has the meaning stated in §36B(d)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code.

(10) “Indian” means an individual who is a member of an Indian tribe, band, nation, or other organized group or community, including any Alaska Native village, or regional or village corporation as defined in or established under the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act (85 Stat. 688), which is recognized as eligible for the special programs and services provided by the United States to Indians because of their status as Indians.

(11) “Institution” means:

(a) A medical institution under COMAR 10.09.24.02.37; or

(b) A public institution under COMAR 10.09.24.02.46.

(12) “Insurance affordability programs” means a program that is one of the following:

(a) The Maryland State Medicaid Program;

(b) The Maryland Children’s Health Insurance Program (CHIP), including the Maryland Children’s Health Program (MCHP) Premium;

(c) A program that makes available to qualified individuals coverage in a QHP through the Individual Exchange with APTC credit under §36B of the Internal Revenue Code; and

(d) A program that makes available coverage in a QHP through the Individual Exchange with CSR under §1402 of the ACA.

(13) “Non-applicant” means an individual who is not seeking eligibility for enrollment in a QHP or an insurance affordability program through the Individual Exchange.

(14) “Rescission” means a cancellation or discontinuance of coverage that:

(a) Has retroactive effect; and

(15) “Tax filer” means an individual or married couple who indicates that the tax filer expects:

(a) To file an income tax return for the benefit year, as set forth in 26 U.S.C. §§6011, 6012, and implementing regulations;

(b) If married, as set forth in 26 CFR §1.7703-1, to file a joint tax return for the benefit year, except if the spouse is a victim of domestic violence or spousal abandonment;

(c) To not be claimed as a tax dependent by any other taxpayer for the benefit year; and

(d) To claim a personal exemption deduction set forth in §151 of the Internal Revenue Code on the tax filer’s return for one or more applicants, even if the tax filer is not an applicant.

(16) “Qualifying eligible employer-sponsored plan” means a health benefit plan that meets the requirements set forth in 26 CFR §1.36B-2(c)(2)(i).

.03 Applying for Coverage through the Individual Exchange.

A. Individuals may apply to enroll in a QHP or an insurance affordability program through the Individual Exchange using the single, streamlined application form approved by the Individual Exchange.

B. An individual may submit the application by:

- (1) Telephone;
- (2) On the Individual Exchange’s internet website;
- (3) Using in-person assistance, including with the provision of reasonable accommodations; or
- (4) By mail.

C. An applicant shall provide the following information on the application:

- (1) The applicant’s and applicable dependents’ Social Security number(s), provided that the applicant and applicable dependents have Social Security numbers;
- (2) An authorization for the Exchange to verify attested information through electronic means;
- (3) An election indicating whether the applicant is seeking an eligibility determination for enrollment in a QHP or insurance affordability programs;
- (4) If the applicant is applying for enrollment in a QHP, sufficient information to determine eligibility for enrollment in a QHP;
- (5) If the applicant is applying for enrollment in an insurance affordability program, sufficient information to determine eligibility for enrollment in such insurance affordability program;
- (6) If the applicant is applying for enrollment in an insurance affordability program under Regulation .02(12)I or .02(12)(d) of this chapter and the applicant files for an income tax return as a married couple, an attestation that the applicant intends to file a joint income tax return for the benefit year in which the individual is seeking coverage, except:
 - (a) If a spouse is the victim of domestic violence or spousal abandonment, the attestation may provide that the applicant intends to file a single income tax return for the benefit year in which the individual is seeking coverage; or
 - (b) If the individual in a married couple qualifies to file as head of household, the attestation may provide that the applicant intends to file a single income tax return as house of household for the benefit year in which the individual is seeking coverage.
- (7) The applicant’s signature, including either an electronic or telephonic signature, under penalties of perjury.

D. Non-applicant.

(1) A non-applicant who applies for insurance affordability programs on behalf of a member in the non-applicant's tax filing household shall provide the following information on the application:

(a) The non-applicant's name; and

(b) The non-applicant's Social Security number, if the applicant attests that the tax filer:

(i) Has a Social Security number; and

(ii) Filed a tax return for the year for which tax data would be used to verify the applicant's household income and family size.

(2) A non-applicant is required to provide the following information on the application if the only members of the individual's household seeking coverage are younger than 18 years old and are not emancipated minors:

(a) The non-applicant's name; and

(b) The non-applicant's address.

(3) Non-applicants are not required to provide information about the non-applicant's citizenship, status as a national, or immigration status.

E. An individual who applies for an insurance affordability program shall receive an eligibility determination for all of the insurance affordability programs.

F. An individual may submit an application to the Individual Exchange and receive an eligibility determination at any time during the year.

G. Incomplete Applications.

(1) If an individual submits an incomplete application, the Individual Exchange shall send the individual a notice under Regulation .04(D) of this chapter.

(2) The individual shall have 90 days to complete the application and receive an eligibility determination from the date the notice is sent to the individual under Regulation .04D.

.04 Notice Requirements.

A. The Individual Exchange shall provide timely written notice to an applicant of any eligibility determination made under this chapter as set forth in 45 CFR §155.310(g) and a notification of the right to request a fair hearing as set forth in COMAR 14.35.11.04.

B. If the employee enrolls in a QHP with APTC or CSR, the Individual Exchange shall notify the employee's employer at the employer's address provided by the employee to the Individual Exchange that the employee has been determined eligible for APTC or CSR.

C. The notice under §B of this regulation shall:

(1) Identify the employee by including:

- (a) The employee's name;
- (b) The employee's date of birth;
- (c) The last four digits of the employee's Social Security number, if available; and
- (d) The employee's Individual Exchange identification number;

(2) Indicate that the employee has been determined eligible for APTC or CSR and has enrolled in a QHP;

(3) Indicate that if the employer has 50 or more full-time employees, the employer may be liable for the shared responsibility payment assessment set forth in 4980H of the Internal Revenue Code; and

(4) Notify the employer of the employer's right to appeal the determination to HHS.

D. The Exchange shall send a notice to an applicant who submits an application containing insufficient information for the Exchange to conduct an eligibility determination, which shall:

(1) Indicate that the information necessary to complete an eligibility determination is missing;

(2) Specify the missing information;

(3) Provide instructions on how to provide the missing information to the Individual Exchange; and

(4) Specify that the applicant shall have 90 days to provide the missing information to the Individual Exchange beginning by the date of the notice.

F. If the applicant or enrollee has designated an authorized representative under Regulation .20 of this chapter, the Individual Exchange shall provide:

(1) Information regarding the powers and duties of authorized representatives to both the applicant or enrollee and to the authorized representative; and

(2) Notices to both the applicant or enrollee and to the authorized representative.

G. The Individual Exchange shall provide written notice electronically to the individual if:

(1) The individual elects to receive notice electronically;

(2) The individual is mailed confirmation of the individual's election to receive notices electronically;

(3) The individual is informed of the right to change the election;

(4) The Individual Exchange posts notices in the individual's online Individual Exchange account within one business day of generation of the electronic notice; and

(5) Within one business day of generating the electronic notice, the individual Exchange electronically mails the individual at the individual's verified electronic mail address alerting the individual to the existence of the electronic notice in the individual's online Individual Exchange account.

H. If the electronic communication under §G(5) of this regulation fails to be sent to the individual, the Individual Exchange shall mail a written notice of the failed electronic communication to the individual's mailing address.

I. An individual may request a written copy of any electronic notice the individual receives from the Individual Exchange.

.05 Eligibility Requirements for Enrollment in a Qualified Health Plan through the Individual Exchange.

A. An applicant shall be determined eligible for enrollment in a QHP through the Individual Exchange if the applicant is:

(1) A citizen or national of the United States, a non-citizen who is lawfully present in the United States, and reasonably expected to be a citizen, national, or a non-citizen who is lawfully present for the entire period for which enrollment is sought;

(2) A resident of the Individual Exchange service area; and

(3) Not incarcerated, other than incarceration pending the disposition of charges.

B. Eligibility under this regulation is contingent upon verification of the applicant's attestation that the applicant meets the criteria stated in §A(1) of this regulation, or upon receipt of the applicant's attestation that the applicant meets the criteria stated in §A(2) and (3) of this regulation.

.06 General Eligibility Requirements – Citizenship and Immigration Status.

A. For the purpose of determining eligibility for enrollment in a QHP under Regulation .05A(1) and (2) of this chapter an individual shall be considered a citizen or national of the United States if the individual is:

(1) A citizen of the United States, including:

(a) An individual who was born in:

(i) One of the 50 states;

(ii) The District of Columbia;

(iii) Puerto Rico;

(iv) Guam;

(v) The Northern Mariana Islands; or

(vi) The Virgin Islands; or

(b) A child born outside of the United States if:

(i) The federal requirements, including the requirements in the Child Citizenship Act of 2000 (Public Law 106-395), are met for the child to automatically acquire United States citizenship upon the child's lawful admission to the United States for permanent residence;

(ii) At least one of the child's natural or adoptive parents or stepparents is a United States citizen by birth or naturalization;

(iii) The child is younger than 18 years old;

(iv) The child resides in the United States in the legal and physical custody of the citizen or naturalized parent; and

(v) The child is a lawful permanent resident of the United States;

(2) An individual who has been naturalized as a United States citizen; or

(3) A national from American Samoa or Swain's Island.

B. For purpose of determining eligibility for enrollment in a QHP under Regulation .05A(12) of this chapter, an individual shall be considered lawfully present if the individual is:

(1) An alien who has been lawfully admitted to the United States for permanent residence or who, since admission, was granted lawful permanent resident status in accordance with the Immigration Nationality Act (INA);

(2) An alien granted parole for at least one (1) year set forth in §212(d)(5) of the INA;

(3) An alien who has been paroled into the United States set forth in 8 U.S.C. §1182(d)(5) for less than one year, except for an alien paroled for prosecution or for deferred inspection, or pending removal proceedings;

(4) An alien who was battered or subjected to extreme cruelty by the individual's United States citizen or lawful permanent resident spouse or parent, or by a member of the spouse's or parent's family residing in the same household as the immigrant, if:

(a) The spouse or parent consented to, or acquiesced in, the battery or cruelty;

(b) The abusive act or acts occurred in the United States;

(c) The individual responsible for the battery or cruelty no longer lives in the same household as the victim; or

- (d) A Violence Against Women Act immigration case or a family-based visa petition has been filed;
- (5) A refugee admitted under §207 of the INA;
- (6) An alien granted asylum under §208 of the INA;
- (7) An alien whose deportation is being withheld set forth in:
- (a) §243(h) of the INA, as in effect prior to April 1, 1997; or
 - (b) §241(b)(3) of the INA, as amended;
- (8) A Cuban or Haitian entrant, as set forth in §501(c) of the Refugee Education Assistance Act of 1980;
- (9) An alien granted conditional entry under §203(a)(7) of the INA, in effect before April 1, 1980;
- (10) A child receiving federal payments for foster care or adoption assistance under Part B or E of Title IV of the Social Security Act, if the child's foster or adoptive parent is considered a citizen or qualified alien;
- (11) A victim of a severe form of trafficking, as set forth in §107(b)(1) of the Trafficking Victims Protection Act of 2000, who have been subjected to:
- (a) Sex trafficking, if the act is induced by force, fraud, or coercion, or the individual who was induced to perform the act was younger than 18 years old on the date that the visa application was filed; or
 - (b) Involuntary servitude.
- (12) An alien in nonimmigrant status who has not violated the terms of the status under which the alien was admitted, or to which the alien has changed after admission;
- (13) An alien currently in temporary resident status pursuant to §§210 and 245A of the INA (8 U.S.C. §1160 or §1255a, respectively);
- (14) An alien currently under Temporary Protected Status (TPS) set forth in §244 of the INA (8 U.S.C. §1254a), and pending applicants for TPS who have been granted employment authorization;
- (15) An alien who has been granted employment authorization set forth in 8 CFR §§274a.12(c)(9), (10), (16), (18), (20), (22), or (24);
- (16) A Family Unity beneficiary pursuant to §301 of Public Law 101-649, as amended;
- (17) An alien currently under Deferred Enforced Departure (DED) pursuant to a decision made by the President of the United States;
- (18) An alien currently in deferred action status;

(19) An alien whose visa petition has been approved and who has a pending application for adjustment of status;

(20) A pending applicant for asylum set forth in 8 U.S.C. §1158 who:

(a) Is under the age of 14; and

(b) Has had an application pending for at least 180 days;

(21) A pending applicant for withholding of removal, set forth in 8 U.S.C. §1231 or under the Convention Against Torture who:

(a) Has been granted employment authorization;

(b) Is under the age of 14; and

(c) Has had an application pending for at least 180 days;

(22) An alien who has been granted withholding of removal under the Convention Against Torture;

(23) A child who has a pending application for Special Immigrant Juvenile status under 8 U.S.C. §1101(a)(27)(J); or

(24) Any of the designations provided under 45 CFR 152.2

.07 General Eligibility Requirements – Residency in Individual Exchange Service Area.

A. For the purpose of determining eligibility for enrollment in a QHP under Regulation .05(A)(2) of this chapter, an individual shall be considered a resident of the Exchange service area if:

(1) An individual is 21 years old or older, is not living in an institution, is capable of indicating intent, and is not receiving an optional State supplementary payment and the individual lives in the Individual Exchange service area, including without a fixed address.

(2) An individual is younger than 21 years old, is not living in an institution, is not eligible for Medicaid based on receipt of assistance under Title IV-E of the Social Security Act, is not emancipated, is not receiving an optional State supplementary payment, and the individual either:

(a) Resides in the Exchange service area, including without a fixed address; or

(b) Resides with a parent or caretaker who resides in the service area of the Individual Exchange under §A(1) of this regulation.

B. For individuals not described in §A of this regulation, an individual shall be considered a resident of the Individual Exchange service area if the individual meets the State residency requirements set forth in COMAR 10.09.24.05-03.

C. If members of the tax household are not residents of the same Individual Exchange service area, the tax household may indicate any Individual Exchange for which one of the tax filers meets the regulation as the tax household's residency.

D. If both spouses in a tax household enroll in a QHP through the same Individual Exchange, a tax dependent may only enroll in a QHP through the Individual Exchange, or through a different health benefit exchange for which the dependent meets the residency standard.

E. The Individual Exchange may not deny or terminate an individual's eligibility for enrollment in a QHP through the Individual Exchange if the individual meets the residency standard under this regulation but for a temporary absence from the service area of the Individual Exchange and the individual intends to return when the purpose of the absence has been accomplished.

F. The service area of the Individual Exchange is Maryland.

.08 Eligibility Requirements for Advance Payments of the Premium Tax Credit.

A. A tax filer shall be determined eligible for APTC if:

(1) The tax filer attests to a household income, as defined in 26 CFR §1.36B-1(e), greater than or equal to 100 percent but not more than 400 percent of the FPL for the benefit year for which coverage is requested; and (2) One or more applicants for whom the tax filer attests to claiming a personal exemption deduction on the applicant's federal tax return for the benefit year:

(a) Meets the requirements for eligibility for enrollment in a QHP through the Individual Exchange, as specified in Regulation .05 of this chapter; and

(b) Is not eligible for minimum essential coverage, with the exception of coverage in the individual market as set forth in 26 CFR §36B-2(a)(2) and (c).

B. A non-citizen tax filer who is lawfully present and ineligible for Medicaid or MCHP by reason of immigration status, and is not otherwise eligible for APTC, shall be eligible for APTC if:

(1) The tax filer meets the requirements specified in §A(2) of this regulation; and

(2) The tax filer attests to household income of less than 100 percent of the FPL for the benefit year for which coverage is requested; and

(3) One or more applicants for whom the tax filer attests to claiming a personal exemption deduction on the tax filer's return for the benefit year is a non-citizen who is lawfully present and ineligible for Medicaid or MCHP by reason of immigration status.

C. APTC may be received by a tax filer for another qualified individual only if one or more qualified individuals for whom the tax filer attest that the tax filer expect to claim a personal exemption deduction for the benefit year, including the tax filer and the tax filer's spouse, is enrolled in a QHP that is not a catastrophic plan through the Individual Exchange.

D. If one or more APTC amount are to be made on behalf of a tax filer, or two tax filers covered by the same plan or plans, and individuals in the tax filers' tax households are enrolled in more than one QHP or stand-alone dental plan, then the APTC amounts shall be allocated as follows:

(1) That portion of the APTC that is less than or equal to the aggregate adjusted monthly premiums, as set forth in 26 CFR §1.36B-3(e), and that is properly allocated to essential health benefits shall be allocated among the QHPs according to the premium level appropriate for each individual's age-rating band premium; and

(2) Any remaining APTC may be allocated to the essential health benefit portion of any stand-alone dental plans.

E. A tax filer may not be eligible for APTC if:

(1) HHS notifies the Individual Exchange that APTC were made on behalf of the tax filer, or either spouse if the tax filer is a married couple, for a year for which tax data would be utilized for verification of household income and family size set forth in 45 CFR §155.320(c)(1)(i), and

(2) The tax filer or spouse did not file a federal income tax return and reconcile the APTC received for that year, or previous years.

F. APTC shall be calculated in accordance 26 CFR § 1.36B-3.

G. To receive the APTC, the tax filer shall attest that:

(1) No other tax filer will claim the tax filer as a tax dependent for the benefit year; and

(2) The tax filer will claim a personal exemption deduction on the income tax return for the applicants identified as members of the tax filer's family, including the tax filer, who:

(a) Meet the requirements for eligibility for enrollment in a QHP through the Individual Exchange, under Regulation .05 of this chapter; and

(b) Are not eligible for minimum essential coverage elsewhere.

H. An enrollee may accept less than the full amount of the APTC for which the enrollee is determined eligible.

I. Effective dates for changes in eligibility for APTC for enrollees.

(1) Except as otherwise specified under this regulation, changes in eligibility for APTC are effective the first day of the following month, for changes in eligibility determined by the Individual Exchange in the month.

(2) When an enrollee is determined newly eligible for Medicaid or MCHP, the enrollee shall not be eligible for APTC beginning the first of the month after the enrollee is determined newly eligible for Medicaid or MCHP.

(3) When an applicant or enrollee is eligible for a special enrollment period under Regulations .12—.19 of this chapter, in accordance with the applicable effective date specified for each special enrollment period under Regulations 12—.19 of this chapter.

(4) When an enrollee's enrollment is terminated as set forth in 45 CFR §155.430, in accordance with the applicable effective date of the termination set forth in 45 CFR §155.430.

(J) Eligibility under this regulation is contingent upon verification of the applicant's attestation that the applicant meets the criteria stated in this regulation.

.09 Eligibility Requirements for Cost-Sharing Reductions.

A. An applicant shall be determined eligible for cost-sharing reductions if the applicant:

(1) Meets the requirements for eligibility for enrollment in a QHP through the Exchange under Regulation .05 of this chapter;

(2) Meets the requirements for APTC under Regulation .08 of this chapter; and

(3) Except as provided under §E of this regulation, attests to household income that does not exceed 250 percent of the FPL for the benefit year for which coverage is requested.

B. An applicant is eligible for:

(1) A CSR plan for up to 150 percent of the FPL for an individual who attests to household income greater than or equal to 100 percent of the FPL and less than or equal to 150 percent of the FPL for the benefit year for which coverage is requested, or, for an individual who is eligible for advance payments of the premium tax credit under Regulation .07B of this chapter, a household income less than 100 percent of the FPL for the benefit year for which coverage is requested;

(2) A CSR plan for 151-200 percent FPL for an individual who attests to household income greater than 150 percent of the FPL and less than or equal to 200 percent of the FPL for the benefit year for which coverage is requested;

(3) A CSR plan for 201-250 percent FPL for an individual who attests to household income greater than 200 percent of the FPL and less than or equal to 250 percent of the FPL for the benefit year for which coverage is requested; or

(4) Except as provided under §E of this regulation, any coverage level for an individual who attests to household income greater than 250 percent for the FPL for the benefit year for which coverage is requested.

C. To the extent that an enrollment in a QHP under a single policy covers two or more individuals who, if the individuals were to enroll in separate individual policies, would be eligible for different CSR plan variations, the individuals under the policy are collectively eligible only for the category of eligibility last listed below for which all the individuals covered by the policy would be eligible:

(1) Individuals not eligible for changes to cost sharing;

- (2) Individuals described in §E(2) of this regulation;
- (3) Individuals described in §B(3) of this regulation;
- (4) Individuals described in §B(2) of this regulation;
- (5) Individuals described in §B(1) of this regulation; and
- (6) Individuals described in §E(1) of this regulation.

D. To receive cost-sharing reductions, an applicant who is not an Indian shall enroll in a silver-plan variation of a QHP.

E. Special Cost-Sharing Rules for Indians.

(1) An applicant who is an Indian is eligible for the zero cost sharing plan variation of a QHP if the applicant:

- (a) Meets the requirements for eligibility for enrollment in a QHP through the Individual Exchange pursuant to Regulation .05 of this chapter;
- (b) Meets the requirements for APTC pursuant to Regulation .08 of this chapter; and
- (c) Attests to household income, set forth in 26 CFR §1.36B-1(e) that does not exceed 300 percent of the FPL for the benefit year for which coverage is requested.

(2) An applicant who is an Indian and is enrolled in a QHP shall owe no cost-sharing under the plan for items or services furnished directly by the Indian Health Service, an Indian Tribe, Tribal Organization, or Urban Indian Organization or through referral under contract health services.

F. Changes in enrollment in a plan with a CSR under this regulation are effective based on the effective dates under Regulation .08I of this chapter.

G. Eligibility under this regulation is contingent upon verification of the applicant's attestation that the applicant meets the criteria stated in this regulation.

.10 Eligibility Requirements for Enrollment in a Catastrophic Plan.

A. An applicant shall be determined eligible for enrollment through the Individual Exchange in a catastrophic plan if the applicant has met the requirements for eligibility for enrollment in a QHP through the Individual Exchange under Regulation .05 of this chapter and either:

- (1) Is younger than 30 years old before the beginning of the plan year; or
- (2) Has a certification in effect for any plan year that the applicant is exempt from the requirement to maintain minimum essential coverage set forth in §5000A of the Internal Revenue Code by reason of:

(a) §5000A(e)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code, regarding individuals without affordable coverage; or

(b) §5000A(e)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code, regarding individuals with hardships.

(3) The certification described in Regulation .10A(2) may be provided by the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services or the Individual Exchange.

B. Changes in enrollment in a catastrophic plan under this regulation are effective based on the effective dates under Regulation .08I of this chapter.

C. Eligibility under this regulation is contingent upon verification of the applicant's attestation that the applicant meets the criteria stated in this regulation.

.11 Enrollment in a QHP or Insurance Affordability Program through the Individual Exchange.

A. A qualified individual may enroll in a QHP or an insurance affordability program, except for the programs under Regulations .02B(12)(a) and .02B(12)(c) of this chapter, through the Individual Exchange only during:

(1) The annual open enrollment period of the Individual Exchange, or

(2) A special enrollment period for which the Individual Exchange has determined that the qualified individual is eligible.

B. The annual open enrollment period for the Individual Exchange shall be:

(1) November 1, 2018 through December 15, 2018 for the benefit year beginning on January 1, 2019;

(2) November 1, 2018 through December 15, 2019 for the benefit year beginning on January 1, 2020;

(3) The Individual Exchange may modify or extend the annual open enrollment period each year with the approval of the Board of Trustees; and

(4) Follow any amendments to 45 CFR §155.410 and any accompanying HHS guidance.

C. Coverage selected during an open enrollment period shall:

(1) For the benefit year beginning on January 1, 2019, be effective on:

(a) January 1, 2019, for QHP selections received by the Individual Exchange on or before December 15, 2018; and

(b) January 1, 2019, or later, for QHP selections received by the Individual Exchange on or after December 16, 2018 and on or before December 31, 2018 if Regulation .11B(3) is effective.

(2) For the benefit year beginning on January 1, 2020, be effective on:

(a) January 1, 2020, for QHP selections received by the Individual Exchange on or before December 15, 2019; and

(b) January 1, 2020, or later, for QHP selections received by the Individual Exchange on or after December 16, 2019 and on or before December 31, 2019 if Regulation .11B(3) is effective.

(3) Follow any amendments to 45 CFR §155.410 and any accompanying HHS guidance.

D. If an individual enrolls in a QHP the Individual Exchange shall promptly and without undue delay, transmit to the carrier of the QHP the information necessary to enable the QHP's carrier to enroll the qualified individual in the QHP selected by the qualified individual including:

(1) The qualified individual's selected QHP;

(2) The qualified individual's eligibility or change in eligibility for APTC or a CSR plan if applicable;

(3) Whether the carrier should apply, remove, or change the total amount of the qualified individual's APTC if applicable;

(4) The dollar amount of the APTC, if any;

(5) The advance payment amount of the CSR plan, if any; and

(6) The effective date of the QHP enrollment.

E. Payment of First Month's Premium.

(1) A qualified individual shall pay the first month's premium to the carrier of the QHP to effectuate enrollment in the QHP when the individual has:

(a) Enrolled in a QHP after a break from a previous enrollment in a QHP the individual has; or

(b) Enrolled for the first time in a QHP in the Individual Exchange.

(c) Elected a different QHP product from the same carrier in the Individual Exchange.

(d) The first month's premium payment is required if the qualified individual enrolls in a QHP offered by a different carrier of the same holding company in the Individual Exchange.

(2) The first month's premium payment to effectuate prospective coverage for QHP selections made during an annual open enrollment period or during a special enrollment period under Regulations .13E(4), .18F(1), and .19C of this chapter shall be due on a uniformly applied date specified by the authorized carrier of the QHP that is no earlier than the coverage effective date but no later than 30 calendar days from the coverage effective date.

(3) Effective January 1, 2020, the first month's premium payment to effectuate prospective coverage for QHP selections made during an annual open enrollment period or during a special enrollment period described in Regulations .13E(4), .18F(1), and .19C of this chapter shall be due on or by the 7th day from the coverage effective date.

(4) The first month's premium payment to effectuate prospective coverage for QHP selections made during a special enrollment period under Regulations .12E, .12E(1)—(3), .14E, .15D, .16C, .17D and .18F(2) of this chapter shall be due on a date specified by the authorized carrier of the QHP and uniformly applied that is no earlier than the coverage effective date or no later than 30 calendar days from the date the carrier receives the enrollment transaction from the Exchange or the coverage effective date, whichever is later.

(5) Effective January 1, 2020, the first month's premium payment to effectuate prospective coverage for QHP selections made during a special enrollment period described in Regulations .11E, .12E(1)—(3), .13E, .14D, .15C, .16D and .18F(2) of this chapter shall be due on a uniformly applied date specified by the authorized carrier that is no earlier than the coverage effective date or no later than 30 calendar days from the date the carrier receives the enrollment transaction from the Individual Exchange or the coverage effective date, whichever is later.

(6) Payment to effectuate retroactive coverage shall include the premium due for all months of retroactive coverage and shall also include the full premium amount of the first prospective month of coverage.

(7) Payment to effectuate retroactive coverage for QHP selections made during a special enrollment period shall be due on a uniformly applied date specified by the authorized carrier that is no earlier than the coverage effective date and no later than 30 calendar days from the date the carrier receives the enrollment transaction from the Individual Exchange or the coverage effective date, whichever is later.

(8) Effective January 1, 2018, payment to effectuate retroactive coverage for QHP selections made during a special enrollment period under Regulations .13E(2) and (3), .14E, .15D, .16C, and .17D of this chapter shall be due on or before the 7th day of the first full prospective coverage month.

(9) If the premium amount for only one month of coverage is paid to effectuate retroactive coverage, the carrier shall effectuate prospective coverage for the qualified individual.

(10) An authorized carrier may choose to extend the premium due date under §E of this regulation if the carrier does so in a uniform and consistent manner for all similarly-situated applicants.

F. An authorized carrier may establish a premium payment threshold policy.

(1) Under the premium payment threshold policy the authorized carrier may consider the individual or enrollee to have paid all amounts due if the enrollee pays an amount sufficient to maintain a percentage of the total premium paid out of the total premium owed equal to or greater than a level determined by the carrier.

(2) If an authorized carrier establishes a premium payment threshold policy, the authorized carrier shall:

(a) Determine a premium payment level that is reasonable; and

(b) Apply the premium payment level and the premium payment threshold policy in a uniform manner to all qualified individuals and enrollees.

(3) If a qualified individual or enrollee satisfies the authorized carrier's premium payment threshold policy, the authorized carrier shall:

(a) Effectuate an enrollment based on payment of the initial premium payment under §E of this regulation;

(b) Avoid triggering a grace period for non-payment of premium set forth in:

i. Insurance Article, §31-1315(c)–(e), if the enrollee is receiving APTC; or

ii. Insurance Article §15-209, Annotated Code of Maryland (for insurers) COMAR 31.10.25.04C (for nonprofit health services plans), COMAR 31.12.07.05D (for HMOs, if the enrollee is not receiving APTC; and

(c) Avoid terminating the enrollment for non-payment of premium under 45 CFR §155.430(b)(2)(ii).

G. An authorized carrier shall accept and process an enrollment for a qualified individual that does not include a social security number.

H. The Individual Exchange shall maintain records of all enrollments through the Individual Exchange.

.12 Special Enrollment Periods—Loss of Minimum Essential Coverage or Termination of Other Specified Coverage.

A. A qualified individual and, when specified in this regulation, the enrollee, the qualified individual's dependent or an enrollee's dependent, are eligible for a special enrollment period for loss of minimum essential coverage or other specified coverage if:

(1) The qualified individual or the qualified individual's dependent loses eligibility for minimum essential coverage;

(2) The qualified individual or the qualified individual's dependent loses eligibility for qualifying eligible employer-sponsored minimum coverage that is not COBRA continuation coverage for reasons including:

(a) Legal separation;

(b) Divorce;

(c) Cessation of dependent status;

(d) Death of an employee;

(e) Termination of employment;

(f) Reduction in the number of hours of employment;

(g) The individual's coverage does not provide benefits to individuals who no longer reside, live, or work in a service area and the individual no longer resides, lives, or works in the service area;

(h) The individual incurs a claim that would meet or exceed a lifetime limit on all benefits;

(i) The individual's plan no longer offers any benefits to the class of similarly situated individuals that includes the individual;

(j) The employer terminates employer contributions to the individual's coverage; or

(k) The qualified individual or qualified individual's dependent, who is enrolled in an employer-sponsored plan, is determined newly eligible for APTC because the employer-sponsored plan is no longer considered minimum essential coverage set forth in 26 CFR §1.36B-2(c)(3), including as a result of the qualified individual's employer discontinuing or changing available coverage within the next 60 days, if the qualified individual or qualified individual's dependent is permitted by the employer and applicable federal laws to terminate enrollment in the employer-sponsored plan;

(3) A qualified individual or the qualified individual's dependent loses eligibility for employer-sponsored coverage that is COBRA continuation coverage or continuation coverage under State law because the individual exhausted COBRA continuation coverage or continuation coverage under State law;

(4) A qualified individual or a qualified individual's dependent was enrolled in coverage through a non-calendar year group health plan or individual health insurance coverage and the policy or plan year ends in the middle of the calendar year, even if the qualified individual or the qualified individual's dependent has the option to renew the coverage;

(5) A qualified individual or the qualified individual's dependent loses pregnancy-related coverage described in COMAR 10.09.24.03A(2);

(6) A qualified individual or the qualified individual's dependent loses the medically needy coverage under COMAR 10.09.24.03E; or

(7) An enrollee or an enrollee's dependent loses coverage in a QHP because the QHP is decertified.

B. Loss of minimum essential coverage does not include termination or loss due to:

(1) Failure to pay premiums on a timely basis, including failure to pay COBRA premiums prior to expiration of COBRA coverage;

(2) A change in eligibility status under 45 CFR §155.315(f)(5) because the individual does not meet the requirement specified under Regulation .05 of this chapter; or

(3) An authorized carrier's valid rescission of coverage.

(4) A loss in coverage from a short-term limited duration insurance plan under 15-1301(s) of the Insurance Article Md. Annotated Code.

C. The date of loss of minimum essential coverage or other coverage is the date the qualified individual, the enrollee, the qualified individual's dependent, or the enrollee's dependent:

(1) Loses eligibility for minimum essential coverage under the previous plan; or

(2) The coverage under §§A(1) and A(3)—(7) of this regulation terminates.

D. To be eligible for a special enrollment period under this regulation, a qualified individual, an enrollee, a qualified individual's dependent or an enrollee's dependent shall:

(1) Report the loss of minimum essential coverage or the termination of coverage or the termination of coverage under §§A(1) and A(3)—(7) of this regulation,

(2) If the qualified individual or the qualified individual's dependent chooses to select a QHP or the enrollee or enrollee's dependent chooses to select a new QHP, selects a QHP up to 60 days before or within 60 days after the loss of minimum essential coverage or the termination of coverage, and

(3) Provide documentary evidence from an employer, carrier, legal/court proceeding, public health coverage program, death certificate, and/or the qualified individual that, together, indicates the date of coverage loss and the qualified individuals losing coverage.

E. Enrollment in a QHP selected by a qualified individual, an enrollee, a qualified individual's dependent during a special enrollment period for loss of minimum essential coverage or termination of coverage under §§A(1) and A(3)—(7) of this regulation will be effective on:

(1) The first day of the month following the loss of minimum essential coverage or termination of coverage if the Individual Exchange receives the QHP selection before the loss of minimum essential coverage or the coverage terminates; or

(2) The first day of the month after the Individual Exchange receives the QHP selection if the Individual Exchange receives the QHP selection after the loss of minimum essential coverage or the coverage terminates.

F. The eligibility for the special enrollment period under §A(6) of this regulation shall only be available once per calendar year for the qualified individual and the qualified individual's dependent.

.13 Special Enrollment Periods—Change in Family Status.

A. A qualified individual, an enrollee, a qualified individual's dependent, and an enrollee's dependent are eligible for a special enrollment period for change in family status if the qualified individual or enrollee gains a dependent or becomes a dependent through:

- (1) Marriage;
- (2) Birth;
- (3) Adoption;
- (4) Placement for adoption;
- (5) Placement in foster care;
- (6) A child support order; or
- (7) Other court order.

B. In addition to the statuses listed under §A above, effective on January 1, 2020, a qualified individual, an enrollee, a qualified individual's dependent, and an enrollee's dependent are eligible for a special enrollment period for change in family status if the qualified individual or enrollee loses a dependent or is no longer considered a dependent through:

- (1) Divorce;
- (2) Legal separation; or
- (3) Death.

C. Family status changes will be determined in accordance with the law of the state where the change in family status occurred.

D. If eligible for a special enrollment period under this regulation, a qualified individual, the enrollee, the qualified individual's dependent or the enrollee's dependent shall select a QHP within 60 days of the change in family status under §§A and B of this regulation.

E. Enrollment in a QHP selected by a qualified individual, an enrollee, the qualified individual's dependent, or the enrollee's dependent during a special enrollment period under this regulation shall be effective:

- (1) For marriages, the first day of the month following the date that the Individual Exchange receives the QHP selection;
- (2) In the case of birth, adoption, placement for adoption, placement in foster care, or court order, on the date of birth, adoption, placement for adoption, placement in foster care or effective date of court order;
- (3) In the case of death, the first day of the month following the date that the Individual Exchange receives the QHP selection; and

(4) For divorces or legal separation, the first day of the month following the date that the Individual Exchange receives the QHP selection.

.14 Special Enrollment Period—Error, Misrepresentation, or Inaction.

A. Prior to January 1, 2020, a qualified individual or a qualified individual's dependent shall be eligible for the special enrollment period set forth in 45 CFR §155.420(c)(3) if the triggering event set forth in 45 CFR §155.420(d)(4) occurs.

B. Effective January 1, 2020, as evaluated and determined by the Individual Exchange, qualified individual or qualified individual's dependent is eligible for a special enrollment period when the individual or dependent's enrollment or non-enrollment in a QHP is:

- (1) Unintentional, inadvertent, or erroneous; and
- (2) The result of the error, misrepresentation, or inaction of an officer, employee, or agent of the Individual Exchange its instrumentalities, or a non-Exchange entity providing enrollment assistance or conducting enrollment activities.

C. Effective January 1, 2020, a qualified individual or a qualified individual's dependent shall notify the Individual Exchange of the alleged error, misrepresentation, or inaction by the later of:

- (1) 30 days of the alleged error, misrepresentation, or inaction; or
- (2) 30 days from when the qualified individual reasonably should have known about the alleged error, misrepresentation, or inaction.

D. Notification to the Individual Exchange under §C of this regulation shall be satisfied if the qualified individual or qualified individual's dependent provides notice:

- (1) To an Individual Exchange-certified navigator, an Individual Exchange-authorized broker or an Individual Exchange-certified consolidated service center representative, and
- (2) Using any of the methods of communication listed under Regulation .03B of this chapter.

E. Effective January 1, 2020, the length of the special enrollment period shall be 30 days from the date that the Individual Exchange notifies the qualified individual that the qualified individual or qualified individual's dependent provides notice.

F. The effective date of coverage for a qualified individual or the qualified individual's dependent who is determined eligible for a special enrollment period under this regulation and selects a QHP during the special enrollment period under §E of this regulation:

- (1) Shall be a date determined by the Individual Exchange as appropriate based on the circumstances of the error, misrepresentative, or inaction;
- (2) Shall be no earlier than the date the qualified individual's or qualified individual's dependent's coverage would have begun or continued but for the error, misrepresentation, or inaction; and

(3) May be retroactive or prospective depending on the nature of the error, misrepresentation, or inaction.

.15 Special Enrollment Period—Misconduct.

A. Prior to January 1, 2020, a qualified individual or qualified individual's dependent is eligible for a special enrollment period set forth in 45 CFR §155.420(c)(3) if the triggering event set forth in 45 CFR §155.420(d)(4) occurs.

B. Effective January 1, 2020, a qualified individual or qualified individual's dependent is eligible for a special enrollment period if:

(1) The Individual Exchange determines, in collaboration and coordination with the Maryland Insurance Administration that, as a result of misconduct on the part of a non-Exchange entity providing enrollment assistance or conducting enrollment activities the qualified individual or qualified individual's dependent:

(a) Was not enrolled in a QHP;

(b) Was not enrolled in the QHP selected by the qualified individual, enrollee or dependent; or

(c) Is eligible for, but is not receiving APTC or CSR; and

(2) The qualified individual or qualified individual's dependent notifies the Individual Exchange or the Maryland Insurance Administration of the alleged misconduct by the later of:

(a) 30 days of the misconduct; or

(b) 30 days of when the qualified individual reasonably should have known about the misconduct.

C. Misconduct under this regulation means the failure of an officer, employee, or agent of the Individual Exchange, its instrumentalities, or a non-Exchange entity providing enrollment assistance or conducting enrollment activities to comply with applicable standards set forth in COMAR 14.35 or other applicable State or federal laws as determined by the Individual Exchange.

D. Notification to the Maryland Insurance Administration under §B(2) of this regulation shall be satisfied if the qualified individual or qualified individual's dependent provides notice:

(1) To an Individual Exchange-certified navigator, an Individual Exchange-authorized broker or an Individual Exchange-certified consolidated service center representative, and

(2) Using any of the methods of communication listed under Regulation .03B of this chapter.

E. Notification to the Maryland Insurance Administration under §B(2) of this regulation shall be satisfied if the qualified individual or the qualified individual's dependent files a complaint with the Maryland Insurance Administration.

F. Effective January 1, 2020, the length of the SEP shall be 30 days from the date that the Individual Exchange notifies the qualified individual or the qualified individual's dependent that the qualified individual or the qualified individual's dependent is eligible for a special enrollment period under this regulation.

G. The effective date of coverage for a qualified individual or the qualified individual's dependent who is determined eligible for a special enrollment period under this regulation and selects a QHP during the special enrollment period under §F of this regulation.:

(1) Shall be determined by the Individual Exchange as appropriate based on the circumstances of the misconduct;

(2) Shall be no earlier than the date the qualified individual or dependent's coverage would have begun or continued, but for the misconduct; and

(3) May be retroactive or prospective depending on the nature of the misconduct.

H. The Individual Exchange's determination that an individual is eligible for a special enrollment period under this regulation may be made prior to the completion of the Maryland Insurance Administration's review of the alleged misconduct.

.16 Special Enrollment Period – Violation of Material Provision.

A. Prior to January 1, 2020, an qualified individual or the qualified individual's dependent shall be eligible for a special enrollment period set forth in 45 CFR §155.420(c)(3) if the triggering event set forth in 45 CFR §155.420(d)(5) occurs.

B. Effective January 1, 2020, an enrollee or an enrollee's dependent is eligible for a special enrollment period if the enrollee or the enrollee's dependent:

(1) Demonstrates, as determined by the Individual Exchange in collaboration and coordination with the Maryland Insurance Administration, that the carrier of the QHP in which the enrollee or dependent is enrolled substantially violated a material provision of its contract in relation to the enrollee or the enrollee's dependent; and,

(2) Notifies the Exchange or the Maryland Insurance Administration of the alleged violation by the later of:

(a) 30 days of the violation; or

(b) 30 days of when the enrollee or dependent reasonably should have known about the violation.

C. Notification to the Individual Exchange under §B(2) of this regulation shall be satisfied if the enrollee or the enrollee's dependent provides notice:

(1) To an Individual Exchange-certified navigator, an Individual Exchange-authorized broker or an Individual Exchange-certified consolidated service center representative; and

(2) Using any of the methods of communication listed under Regulation .03B of this chapter.

D. Notification to the Maryland Insurance Administration under §B(2) of this regulation shall be satisfied if the enrollee or enrollee's dependent files a complaint with the Maryland Insurance Administration.

E. Effective January 1, 2020, the length of the special enrollment period shall be 30 days from the date that the Individual Exchange notifies the enrollee or the enrollee's dependent that the enrollee or enrollee's dependent is eligible for a special enrollment period under this regulation.

F. The effective date of coverage for an enrollee or an enrollee's dependent who is determined eligible for a special enrollment period under this regulation and selects a QHP during the SEP under §E of this regulation:

(1) Shall be a date determined by the Individual Exchange as appropriate based on the circumstances of the material violation;

(2) Shall be no earlier than the date the enrollee or enrollee's dependent's coverage would have begun or continued, but for the material violation; and

(3) May be retroactive or prospective depending on the nature of the material violation.

G. The Individual Exchange's determination that an individual is eligible for a special enrollment period under this regulation may be made prior to the completion of the Maryland Insurance Administration's review of the alleged violation of a material provision of the contract in relation to the enrollee or the enrollee's dependent.

.17 Special Enrollment Period – Exceptional Circumstances.

A. Prior to January 1, 2020, a qualified individual or a qualified individual's dependent is eligible for a special enrollment period set forth in 45 CFR §155.420(c)(3) if the triggering event set forth in 45 CFR §155.420(d)(9) occurs.

B. Effective January 1, 2020, a qualified individual, enrollee, qualified individual's dependent, or enrollee's dependent is eligible for a special enrollment period if:

(1) The Individual Exchange determines that, at the time of the qualified individual, enrollee, qualified individual's dependent or enrollee's dependent's application for coverage, the individual experienced exceptional circumstances that prevented the qualified individual, enrollee, qualified individual's dependent or the enrollee's dependent from enrolling during open enrollment or a special enrollment period, if the individual was determined eligible for the special enrollment period by the Individual Exchange; and

(2) The qualified individual, the enrollee, the qualified individual's dependent or the enrollee's dependent notifies the Exchange within 30 days of the exceptional circumstances.

C. Exceptional circumstances may include, but are not limited to:

(1) A serious medical condition, such as an unexpected hospitalization or temporary cognitive disability;

(2) Domestic abuse or violence;

(3) Spousal abandonment;

(4) A natural disaster, such as an earthquake, a massive flooding, or a hurricane;

(5) A significant life event resulting in lack of access to the qualified individual's or enrollee's Individual Exchange application or account and the qualified individual, the enrollee, the qualified individual's dependent, or the enrollee's dependent has experienced a change in situation or status that now requires that the qualified individual, the enrollee, the qualified individual's dependent or the enrollee's dependent obtain minimum essential coverage; or

(6) Policy action that would result in a material change to the status of prospective coverage that would adversely impact the qualified individual and the qualified individual did not receive reasonable notice to act upon the material change.

D. Notification to the Individual Exchange under §B(2) of this regulation shall be satisfied if the qualified individual, the enrollee, the qualified individual's dependent, or the enrollee's dependent that the qualified individual, the enrollee, the qualified individual's dependent or the enrollee's dependent provides notice:

(1) To an Individual Exchange-certified navigator, an Individual Exchange-authorized broker or an Individual Exchange-certified consolidated service center representative; and

(2) Using any of the methods of communication listed under Regulation .03B of this chapter.

F. The effective date of coverage for a qualified individual, an enrollee, a qualified individual's dependent, or the enrollee's dependent who is determined eligible for a special enrollment period under this regulation and selects a QHP during the special enrollment period under §E of this regulation:

(1) Shall be a date determined by the Individual Exchange as appropriate based on the circumstances of the qualified individual, the enrollee, the qualified individual's dependent, or the enrollee's dependent's exceptional circumstances;

(2) Shall be no earlier than the date the qualified individual's, the enrollee's, the qualified individual's dependent's, or the enrollee's dependent's coverage would have begun or continued, but for the exceptional circumstances; and

(3) May be retroactive or prospective dependent on the nature of the exceptional circumstance.

.18 Special Enrollment Period – Permanent Move.

A. A qualified individual, enrollee, qualified individual's dependent or enrollee's dependent is eligible for a special enrollment period if the qualified individual, enrollee, qualified individual's dependent or enrollee's dependent:

(1) Gains access to a new QHP as a result of a permanent move;

(2) Was enrolled in minimum essential coverage for one or more days in the 60 days prior to the move, unless the qualified individual, enrollee, qualified individual's dependent or enrollee's dependent:

(a) Is moving from a foreign country or a United States territory;

(b) Is moving from a state that did not expand Medicaid or MCHP eligibility set forth in §2001 of the ACA and the individual was not eligible for APTC or CSR in the individual's previous state of residence because the individual's household income was below 100 percent of the FPL; or

(c) Is leaving incarceration, except if the individual was incarcerated pending disposition; and

(3) Notifies the Individual Exchange within 60 days from the date of the permanent move that the qualified individual, the enrollee, the qualified individual's dependent or the enrollee's dependent has gained access to a new QHP as a result of that move.

B. A permanent move does not include:

(1) A short term or temporary move where the qualified individual, the enrollee, the qualified individual's dependent, or the enrollee's dependent does not intend to remain in the individual's new location; or

(2) A move solely for the purpose of obtaining medical treatment.

C. A qualified individual, an enrollee, qualified individual's dependent, or enrollee's dependent may select a qualified health plan within 60 days of the date of the permanent move if the individual is otherwise eligible for the special enrollment period.

D. The effective date of coverage for a qualified individual, an enrollee, qualified individual's dependent or an enrollee's dependent who is determined eligible for the special enrollment period under this regulation and selects enrollment in a QHP during the special enrollment period under §C of this regulation shall be:

(a) The first day of the following month for QHP selections received by the Individual Exchange between the first and the fifteenth day of a month; or

(b) The first day of the second following month for QHP selections received by the Individual Exchange between the sixteenth and the last day of a month; and

.19 Special Enrollment Period – Other.

A. An enrollee or an enrollee's dependent is eligible for a special enrollment period if the enrollee or enrollee's dependent is determined newly eligible or ineligible for APTC or has a change in eligibility for CSR.

(1) The effective date of coverage for enrollees determined eligible for a special enrollment period under .A of this regulation is the first of the month the enrollee is eligible for APTC or a change in CSR.

B. A qualified individual who is an Indian may enroll in a QHP or change from one QHP to another, no more than once per month.

C. A qualified individual or a qualified individual's dependent is eligible for a special enrollment period if the qualified individual or qualified individual's dependent who was not previously a U.S. citizen, U.S. national, or lawfully present in the U.S. becomes a U.S. citizen, U.S. national, or lawfully present in the U.S. becomes a U.S. citizen, U.S. national, or lawfully present in the U.S.

D. A qualified individual or qualified individual's dependent are eligible for a special enrollment period if the qualified individual receives a certificate of exemption under Regulation .20 of this chapter for a hardship based on the eligibility standards set forth in 45 CFR §155.605(g)(1) for a month or months during the coverage year, and based on the circumstances of the hardship attested to, the qualified individual is no longer eligible for a hardship exemption within a coverage year but outside of an open enrollment period.

E. A qualified individual and a qualified individual's dependent are eligible for a special enrollment period if a qualified individual with a certificate of exemption under Regulation .20 of this chapter for a hardship based on the eligibility standards for an exemption, as set forth in 45 CFR §155.620(b), the change resulting from a redetermination is implemented, and the qualified individual or the qualified individual's dependent is no longer eligible for an exemption.

F. A qualified individual, an enrollee, a qualified individual's dependent, or an enrollee's dependent has 60 days from the date of the change in circumstances creating eligibility for a special enrollment period under this regulation to notify the Individual Exchange of the change in circumstances and select a QHP.

G. The effective date of coverage for a qualified individual, an enrollee, a qualified individual's dependent or an enrollee's dependent who is determined eligible for a special enrollment period under B-F of this regulation is effective:

(1) The first date of the following month for QHP selections received by the Individual Exchange between the first and the fifteenth day of the month; or

(2) The first day of the second following month for QHP selections received by the Individual Exchange between the sixteenth and the last day of a month.

.20 Exemptions.

A. As set forth in 45 CFR §155.625(b), the Individual Exchange has delegated administration of all exemption determinations for Maryland residents to HHS.

B. An applicant shall follow:

(1) The procedures specified by HHS to apply for an exemption set forth in Subpart G of Part 155, Title of Public Welfare;

(2) The procedures specified by the Internal Revenue Service to apply for an exemption under 26 CFR §1.5000A-3.

C. The Individual Exchange may administer exemption determinations for Maryland residents after approval from HHS.

D. If Regulation .20C becomes effective, applicants shall follow:

(1) The procedures specified by the Individual Exchange to apply for an exemption set forth in Subpart G of Part 155, Title of Public Welfare and 26 CFR §1.5000A-3.

.21 Authorized Representative.

An applicant or enrollee in the Individual Exchange may designate an individual or an organization to act as the applicant or enrollee's representative set forth in COMAR 14.25.11.14.